EXHIBIT 4

1	UNITED STATES DISTRICT	COURT
2	CENTRAL DISTRICT OF CAL	IFORNIA
3		
4	A.H. and H.H., in each case a minor,)
5	by and through their guardian ad litem Crystal Hanson, individually)
6	and as successor in interest to Shane Holland, deceased; C.H., a minor by)
7	and through her guardian ad litem, Reymi Updike; individually and as)
8	successor in interest to Shane Holland, deceased, and PATRICIA)
9	HOLLAND, individually,)
10	Plaintiffs,)
11	vs.)Case No.)5:23-CV-01028-JGB-SHK
12	COUNTY OF SAN BERNARDINO; JUSTIN LOPEZ, DOES 1-10, inclusive,)
13	Defendants.))
14		. /
15		
16		
17	REMOTE VIDEOCONFERENCE DEP	OSITION OF
18	PHILLIP L. SANCHE	Z
19	WEDNESDAY, AUGUST 21,	2024
20		
21		
22		
23	Reported Stenographically By:	
24	Jinna Grace Kim, CSR No. 14151	
25	Job No.: 96886	

1	Thirmp C. Sanchez on 06/21/202	Page 2
1	UNITED SATES DISTRICT	
2	CENTRAL DISTRICT OF CAL	IFORNIA
3		
4	A.H. and H.H., in each case a minor, by and through their guardian ad)
5	litem Crystal Hanson, individually and as successor in interest to Shane))
6	Holland, deceased; C.H., a minor by and through her guardian ad litem,)
7	Reymi Updike; individually and as successor in interest to Shane)
8	Holland, deceased, and PATRICIA HOLLAND, individually,))
9	Plaintiffs,)
10	vs.) Case No.
11	COUNTY OF SAN BERNARDINO; JUSTIN)5:23-CV-01028-JGB-SHK)
12	LOPEZ, DOES 1-10, inclusive,)
13	Defendants.)
14		
15		
16		
17	The remote videoconference de	position of PHILLIP L.
18	SANCHEZ, taken on behalf of the Plaint	iffs, beginning at
19	10:33 a.m., and ending at 12:21 p.m.,	on Wednesday, August
20	21, 2024, before Jinna Grace Kim, Cert	ified Stenographic
21	Shorthand Reporter No. 14151.	
22		
23		
24		
25		

		Page 13
1	to discharge.	

- 2 O. Okay. Sorry. I think your verbiage is much better
- 3 than mine. I'll stick with that for future questions --
- 4 A. -- perfect, sir.
- 5 Q. Okay. And do you have an understanding of how many
- 6 rounds struck the decedent in this case out of the six?
- 7 A. Yes.
- 8 Q. And what is your understanding?
- 9 A. My understanding is that four of the six rounds
- 10 struck Mr. Holland.
- 11 Q. So I want to ask you just a few questions about the
- 12 standards that apply to the use of deadly force. That's kind
- of the next topic I would like to cover with you if that's
- 14 okay.
- 15 A. Yes, sir. Your pleasure.
- 16 Q. And would you agree that deadly force is the highest
- 17 level of force a police officers can use?
- 18 A. Yes.
- 19 O. And based on the training the expectation is if
- 20 you're shooting someone center mass with a firearm, it's
- 21 likely to cause serious bodily injury or dearth?
- 22 A. Yes.
- Q. And would it be fair to say that officers are
- 24 trained that they should only use deadly force in limited
- 25 circumstances?

	Primp L. Sanchez on 08/21/2024
1	A. Yes. Based on the totality of the circumstances and
2	in compliance with the laws and policy.
3	Q. And is it generally the training that an officer
4	must have a reasonable belief of an immediate or imminent
5	threat of death or serious bodily injury?
6	A. Yes.
7	Q. And just speaking about the threat level for a
8	moment, would you agree a potential threat or potential
9	deadly threat is not enough; the threat must be imminent or
10	immediate, and it must have be of death or serious bodily
11	injury?
12	A. Yes. I would add the perception of can the
13	peace officer can perceive that those facts actually exist
14	and in reality they may not.
15	Q. Would you agree that the perception in terms of
16	analysis from an expert like yourself would have to be
17	reasonable, though?
18	A. Yes.
19	Q. Are officers trained that they should give a verbal
20	warning before using deadly force when feasible?
21	A. When safe and feasible.
22	Q. And are officers trained in terms of using deadly
23	force, they have to justify all their shots?
24	A. Yes.
25	Q. As a law enforcement officer in your career, had you

	Fining L. Sanchez on 00/21/2024
1	ever seen a suspect with a weapon in their hand before?
2	A. Yes.
3	Q. Would that include firearms?
4	A. Yes.
5	Q. And do you have an estimate as to how many times you
6	had seen a suspect with a firearm in their hand before in
7	your career?
8	A. I would say between 50 and 80 eighty times where I
9	physically saw the suspect was armed with a firearm.
10	Q. Were you trained that you could simply shoot someone
11	for seeing a firearm in their hand?
12	A. No.
13	Q. Were you yourself involved in any officer-involved
14	shootings?
15	A. Yes.
16	Q. And how many, where you actually fired?
17	A. Five.
18	Q. And out of those five, how many of the individuals
19	had firearms in their hands, if you recall?
20	A. I believe it was three.
21	Q. So if I'm doing my math right, would it be fair to
22	say you saw some individuals with firearms in their hands
23	that you did not shoot?
24	A. That's correct.
25	Q. And then the other two times you fired, was there a

	Phillip L. Sanchez on 08/21/2024
1	Page 18 Q. What time frame were you there?
2	A. From April 18, 1980 through April I'm sorry
3	through July 12, 2010.
4	Q. Are you familiar with the current POST Standards
5	about someone having the present ability, opportunity, and
6	apparent intent to immediately cause death or serious bodily
7	injury?
8	A. Yes, sir. I believe it's referred to as AOI.
9	Q. And you're familiar that's part of the revised Penal
10	Code Section now, I think, 835?
11	A. Yes, sir.
12	Q. And also incorporated into the POST Learning Domain
13	on excessive force, I think, Learning Domain 20?
14	A. That's correct, sir.
15	Q. And would you agree that the POST Standards are fear
16	of future harm no matter how great or how likely, is
17	insufficient to use deadly force?
18	A. I would agree.
19	Q. So let's talk a little bit about your understanding
20	of the facts in this case, and then I might have you a few
21	questions about tactics as I go.
22	Is that all right?
23	A. Yes, sir. At your pleasure.
24	Q. And this is not a complete memory test. So if you

25

want to review your report or look at something, I'm going to

	1 mmp L. Sanchez on vo/21/2024
1	Page 19 allow you to do that. You can just tell us may I refer to
2	report to my report similar to how you do in court or just
3	let us know I'm looking at Page 5 of my report, for example.
4	Okay?
5	A. Yes, sir.
6	Q. Do you have an understanding from reviewing the
7	materials as to why the vehicle was initially stopped or
8	approached?
9	A. Yes.
10	Q. And what is your understanding?
11	A. I believe that Deputy Lopez had told investigators
12	the night of the incident and then subsequently in deposition
13	that he saw a blue Chevy mid-sized SUV, and that the license
14	plate was in poor repair obscuring the characters and numbers
15	to the point that Deputy Lopez could not read them.
16	Additionally, that the license plate on the
17	mid-sized SUV was not affixed to the vehicle in what I would
18	call the normal place, the standard or routine place. It was
19	near the upper-left rear tailgate area of the SUV.
20	Deputy Lopez then determined that he wanted to
21	affect a traffic stop and then followed his training and
22	protocol to do so.
23	Q. If you recall, did the vehicle pull over?
24	A. It did.
25	Q. I think you would agree at least with me that this

	1 mmp L. Sanchez on vo/21/2024
1	was not like a serious crime that the vehicle was being Page 20
2	pulled over for; is that fair?
3	A. I believe that's accurate. Both of the Deputy
4	Lopez's observations would have been infraction violations in
5	the California Vehicle Code.
6	Q. And as part of the materials that you reviewed, did
7	you listen to the radio dispatch tape?
8	A. I did.
9	Q. And did you listen to any audio recording of the
10	incident?
11	A. Yes. That was captured by Deputy Lopez's belt
12	recorder.
13	Q. Did you have an understanding as to whether or not
14	the deputies had body-worn cameras at the time?
15	A. My understanding was that San Bernardino County
16	Sheriffs had not issued body-worn cameras at that point.
17	Q. And is it your understanding there were two people
18	in the vehicle?
19	A. Yes.
20	Q. And is it your understanding that the decedent was
21	not driving, but in a passenger seat?
22	A. Front, right passenger seat, yes.
23	Q. And when you listened to the audio of the stop, did
24	you hear any discussion about the license plate with the
25	driver?

	Primp L. Sanchez on 08/21/2024
1	Page 21 A. Yes.
2	Q. And do you recall from listening to the dispatch
3	tape if Deputy Lopez called in the stop?
4	A. He did advise the communication center of his
5	location and the purpose of his stop.
6	Q. And would you agree that Deputy Lopez had no
7	information that there were any weapons in the car, for
8	example, would you agree?
9	A. Yes.
10	Q. And would you agree he did not see any weapons in
11	the car?
12	A. Yes.
13	Q. He had no information that the individuals in the
14	car had a prior criminal history, would you agree with
15	that?
16	A. During the initial phases, that's correct.
17	Q. Do you have any information that Deputy Lopez
18	learned of any criminal history of Mr. Holland before he shot
19	him?
20	A. No. I believe that the evidence that I reviewed in
21	case materials suggested that Deputy Lopez was attempting to
22	identify Mr. Hanson, the driver, and Mr. Holland who actually
23	had provided a false name. I believe he said his name was
24	Atkins and provided a date of birth in May at some point.
25	Q. And then eventually Mr. Holland gets out of the car

Page 23 perimter and containment.

- 2 Q. Do you know whether or not Deputy Lopez asked for
- 3 assistance or backup at any point?
- 4 A. He did not use that verbiage. Contemporary training
- 5 in law enforcement suggest that when assisting officers, in
- 6 this case, Deputy Hillebrand and Sergeant Rios, when they
- 7 monitor a radio broadcast, in this case by Deputy Lopez who
- 8 said chasing one or foot pursuit verbiage of that kind, that
- 9 there are going to be a response at some point by the
- 10 assisting officers.
- 11 Q. And do you have an understanding as to whether the
- 12 backup officers were in route after Deputy Lopez put out that
- 13 dispatch?

1

- 14 A. My understanding is that Deputy Hillebrand told
- 15 investigators and then later in a deposition that he
- 16 monitored the radio broadcast and then started to drive
- 17 towards the area of Cactus Road and US 395 where the vehicle,
- 18 Mr. Hanson's had been stopped.
- I believe that's Sergeant Rios who was at the patrol
- 20 station provided similar testimony that he monitored the call
- 21 and then did not initially respond, and then when heard the
- 22 radio broadcast on chasing one or foot pursuit, that
- 23 verbiage, that he left the station, entered the patrol
- 24 vehicle, and then drove towards Cactus Road and US 395.
- 25 Q. And so one possibility getting the assistance of

1	Page 24
	additional officers is to set up a containment or
2	perimeter?
3	A. That is a possibility. Given the vastness of the
4	area out at 395 and Cactus Road, I did conduct a site visit.
5	I have a sense of what that area looks like given the absence
6	of either artificial or ambient light, a perimeter would
7	still be difficult with three law enforcement officers given
8	that area.
9	Q. Just going back for a moment to the time that Mr.
10	Holland was in the vehicle, do you recall at some point
11	Deputy Lopez was at the passenger side of that vehicle?
12	A. Yes, sir.
13	Q. And according to Deputy Lopez, I think you've
14	already told me this; he didn't see any weapons on Mr.
15	Holland or in the vehicle at that time; is that fair?
16	A. Yeah. I believe that's fair. He was in full
17	uniform, he explained the purpose of the stop, he asked
18	investIgaroty questions, and then he returned to his vehicle.
19	Q. And there was no indication of any verbal threats to
20	him at that point; is that correct?
21	A. Not threats. I think Deputy Lopez indicated the
22	individual he thought was Atkins was nervous, avoiding eye
23	contact, but did not testify to seeing any weapons or threats
24	that were made directly at Deputy Lopez.
25	Q. And what is your understanding as to where Deputy

	Prinip L. Sanchez on 08/21/2024
1	Page 25 Lopez was when Mr. Holland got out of the vehicle and started
2	to flee?
3	A. The passenger side of his marked San Bernardino
4	County Sheriff's unit, my understanding is the passenger door
5	was open, and Deputy Lopez was conducting DMV and other
6	checks on his MDC, which stands for Mobile Data Computer.
7	Q. Prior to Mr. Holland fleeing, do you think it would
8	have been appropriate to use any force on Mr. Holland prior
9	to him getting out of the car and fleeing?
10	A. There would have been no need for or justification
11	for Deputy Lopez based just on the traffic stop. The
12	avoidance by Mr. Holland, or AKA Atkins, would not have been
13	sufficient to use force.
14	Q. And when Mr. Holland started running away, is it
15	your understanding he was going generally southbound at
16	first?
17	A. Generally, yes, southeast, I think, parallel to
18	395.
19	Q. And was his back generally to Deputy Lopez when he
20	initially started running away southbound?
21	A. I believe Deputy Lopez testified that when Mr.
22	Holland exited the vehicle, his back was generally towards
23	Deputy Lopez. However, he did look over his left shoulder
24	and initially had his hands at his waistband which was of
25	course concerning to Deputy Lopez.

1	Q. Do you think it would have been appropriate based on
2	the facts, let's say up to the time that Mr. Holland starts
3	running away generally southbound, do you think it would have
4	been appropriate for Deputy Lopez to shoot him at that
5	time?
6	A. No.
7	Q. And why not, why not at that time?
8	A. I think during as your hypothetical's a little
9	incomplete, but
10	Q. Let's say I'm sorry. Just to clarify, because I
11	think it was incomplete, prior to him saying something to
12	Deputy Lopez just running away initially?
13	A. I don't think running away initially would have
14	necessarily been justification for deadly force, although,
15	Deputy Lopez reported that almost immediately after Mr.
16	Holland had his hands at his waistband.
17	My experience as a professional law enforcement
18	officer has been that weapons are oftentimes concealed or
19	carried in what is commonly referred to as an appendix carry,
20	so in the waistband at the front of the torso or somewhere
21	along the extended area of the waistband.
22	So I think a reasonable officer seeing that activity
23	would take note as Deputy Lopez did, but that in and of
24	itself is not justification to shoot someone.
25	Q. And then is it your understanding as Mr. Holland was

	1 mmp L. Sanchez on 00/21/2024
1	running away from Deputy Lopez, at some point he said, "I
2	will shoot you" or words to that effect?
3	A. Yes, sir. My understanding is Mr. Holland's
4	comments were, "I will shoot" or "I will shoot you."
5	Q. And when Mr. Holland was saying that initially
6	running southbound, do you think it would have been
7	appropriate for Deputy Lopez to shoot him at that time
8	without seeing any object in his hand or without him turning
9	towards him, just running away?
10	A. No. Given the facts of your hypothetical, it might
11	not have been appropriate at that time. There are now
12	there is felonious behavior. So we left the arena of an
13	infraction. We crossed over into an arena of misdemeanor
14	behavior, the 148, resisting, fleeing.
15	And now Mr. Holland has in my opinion escalated the
16	event with felonious behavior, direct assault or a direct
17	threat of an assault on a peace officer. The totality of
18	that circumstance, Mr. G, in my opinion are concerning. They
19	might not justify lethal force at that exact moment, but
20	based on the totality of the circumstances, Deputy Lopez or a
21	reasonably trained police officer would have concern at that
22	point.
23	Q. But you would agree, I think we talked about this
24	earlier, concern for future harm may be very well supported,
25	but that doesn't necessarily rise to the level where you can

1	Page 28 use deadly force?
2	A. I would agree.
3	Q. So at that point when he is running away, he says
4	"I'll shoot" or "I will shoot you," understanding the crimes
5	he committed, the 148 and now a threat of verbal threat on a
6	police officer, would you at least agree there that would not
7	yet justify the use of deadly force?
8	MS. ANDERSEN: Objection. Incomplete hypothetical;
9	You can answer.
10	THE WITNESS: Given the fact pattern that you
11	offered, I would agree with limited fact pattern. I thought
12	it interesting, Mr. G, that you injected the word "yet," and
13	I would agree it suggests that there is concern and suggests
14	that there is felonious behavior, and it suggests that the
15	officer, in this case Deputy Lopez, would be concerned and
16	stated as much for his safety, but yet not at the realm of
17	using deadly force.
18	BY MR. GALIPO:
19	Q. Do you think it would have been appropriate or
20	unreasonable for Deputy Lopez at that point to stop a close
21	foot pursuit of Mr. Holland when Mr. Holland is saying "I
22	will shoot you" or words to that effect?
23	Would you have been critical of that?
24	A. In this case, no. And if I can explain.
25	Q. Sure.

1	Page 33 to his testimony, Deputy Lopez's testimony, he didn't see an
2	object either during that time frame?
3	A. That's correct. Only that Mr. Holland's hands were
4	continuously at his waistband.
5	Q. And that during that time frame as they were going
6	southbound, Mr. Holland was generally running away from
7	Deputy Lopez, would you agree with that?
8	A. I think through the entire chase Mr. Holland was
9	attempting to evade or escape.
10	Q. And as Mr. Holland was running southbound before he
11	hit that dirt patch, would you agree it would have been
12	inappropriate for Deputy Lopez to shoot him?
13	A. Yes. I don't believe that there are enough
14	circumstances at that point, and I would add based on the
15	circumstance or based on the evidence that I reviewed,
16	clearly Deputy Lopez did not fire at that point.
17	Q. So running away, obviously, would not be enough
18	under these facts to use deadly force, would you agree with
19	that?
20	A. Yes.
21	Q. And saying that just saying that you're going to
22	shoot someone, that would also not be enough under these
23	facts to use deadly force; it would have to be more than
24	that; is it a fair statement?
25	A. Under the limited facts that we discussed, I think

Page 34

1 that's a fair statement.

- 2 Q. Now, in the radio broadcast do you recall generally
- 3 what Deputy Lopez dispatched when he started in the foot
- 4 pursuit?
- 5 A. Yes, sir. I believe it was versed to the effect of
- 6 one running into the desert, something like that.
- 7 Q. Was there any other dispatches you recall before the
- 8 shooting took place?
- 9 A. No. I don't believe so.
- 10 Q. Any reference to Mr. Holland having a gun or
- anything like that, that you recall before the shots fired
- 12 dispatch?
- 13 A. I don't recall those radio broadcasts.
- 14 Q. And I understand the concept of keeping someone in
- 15 sight, and I also understand from looking at photographs, I
- 16 did not go to the scene, but I can tell from looking at the
- 17 different photographs and even aerials of what you're
- 18 explaining as to the layout of that area.
- 19 But do you think -- would you have been critical of
- 20 Deputy Lopez if he backed off and created more distance, but
- 21 yet kept him in sight, still, after Mr. Holland is telling
- 22 him "I'm going to shoot you" or words to that effect?
- A. Not necessarily, Mr. G, and if I can explain.
- 24 Q. Sure.
- 25 A. We're talking about an event that occurred or at

	Primp L. Sanchez on 08/21/2024
1	Page 38 A. Thank you.
2	Q. You're very welcome. The last time that Mr. Holland
3	said, "I will shoot you," would you agree he was still
4	running away from Deputy Lopez?
5	A. Yes.
6	Q. And Deputy Lopez was still generally looking at his
7	back at that point?
8	A. I believe Deputy Lopez testified that Mr. Holland
9	has made the statement "I will shoot" almost simultaneously
10	as he's turning now to his left in a counterclockwise motion
11	while holding an object in his right hand at his waistband
12	when the shots were fired. I will also say that I believe it
13	was Deputy Lopez's testimony and deposition that Mr.
14	Holland's, the speed of the chase had closed, not approaching
15	a stop which would be consistent with Mr. Holland's turning
16	movement and consistent with the autopsy report of the round
17	placements that struck, the rounds that struck Mr. Holland.
18	Q. Would you agree based on your review up to the time
19	Mr. Holland turned and up to the time that Deputy Lopez saw
20	an object in his hand, so before that time, it would have
21	been inappropriate to use deadly force?
22	A. Yes. I think the linchpin here is in my estimation
23	that when I don't know his state of mind necessarily, but
24	Mr. Holland demonstrated ability, opportunity, and at least a
25	perceived intent when he turned towards or began to turn

	Printip L. Sanchez on vo/21/2024
1	Page 42 Holland's hand prior to the shooting?
2	A. The cite from the Department of Justice, Mr. G, and
3	if I can quote on Page 23 of my report, "At the moment when
4	shots were fired, Deputy Lopez could have reasonably believed
5	that Mr. Holland posed an imminent threat of death or serious
6	bodily injury. The inference is that without the object and
7	the turning movement, there would be no rationale for the use
8	of deadly force."
9	Q. And do you agree with that?
10	A. With that statement that I just read?
11	Q. Yes. Do you agree that without the turning movement
12	and the object, there would be no justification to use deadly
13	force?
14	A. Yes, sir. And that's why Deputy Lopez had not fired
15	rounds during the foot pursuit prior to Mr. Holland either
16	slowing or stopping, turning to his left with an object in
17	his hand, in his right hand, and at his waistband.
18	Q. So with respect to the Department of Justice report,
19	are you saying that you don't recall one way or the other
20	whether the turning movement is mentioned in there, or are
21	you saying you believe it is mentioned?
22	A. May I reference the report again, sir?
23	Q. Yes, you may.
24	A. Thank you. On Page 23 of my report referencing the
25	Department of Justice, part of their report, it says, "Mr.

	Timinp L. Sanchez on vo/21/2024
1	Holland fled on foot from the traffic stop holding a black
2	cell phone rather than to stop or show his hands. Deputy
3	Lopez chased Mr. Holland for one minute and 19 seconds over
4	846 feet. Deputy Lopez ordered Mr. Holland to show his hands
5	19 times. Instead of showing his hands, Mr. Holland told
6	Deputy Lopez, 'I'll shoot' or 'I'll shoot you' a total of ten
7	times. Given such facts, the peace officer under these
8	circumstance could have reasonably believed that lethal force
9	was necessary to defend against an imminent threat of death
10	or serious bodily injury."
11	The report as I recall, did not necessarily call out
12	that Holland was turning. However, the round strikes could
13	not have occurred, could not have impacted Mr. Holland's
14	torso and lower torso or lower legs if he had not completed
15	that movement.
16	Q. The part where you read that he fled holding a black
17	cell phone in his hand, what was the source of that
18	information, if you know?
19	A. Yes, sir. That's a direct quote from the Department
20	of Justice report.
21	Q. And do you know how they got that information,
22	whether it was from Deputy Lopez or somewhere else?
23	A. I do not. My assumption is it came from Deputy
24	Lopez.
25	Q. Have you, I take it, you have reviewed other

	r
1	Page 44 officer-involved shooting cases; you obviously told me that
2	earlier; correct?
3	A. Yes, sir.
4	Q. And you even had some officer-involved shooting
5	cases in your department when you were the chief?
6	A. Yes.
7	Q. And ultimately, you had to review some of those?
8	A. All of them, yes, sir.
9	Q. And it was customary in your department, I take it,
10	for the officers to give statements afterwards to give their
11	account for what happened?
12	A. Customary might be an over-generalization.
13	There were times that officers provided statements
14	and over times following the advice of their attorney, they
15	did not provide an initial statement. However, that does not
16	preclude the public safety requirement or a public safety
17	statement that is required of an officer to provide as soon
18	as reasonable and safe to do so.
19	Q. And other officer-involved shooting cases that
20	you have reviewed, have you reviewed the officer statements
21	when those were available?
22	A. Yes.
23	Q. And do you know whether or not Deputy Lopez gave a
24	recorded interview in this case or a statement?
25	A. Initially, he did not give a statement, at least not

1	Page 45 to San Bernardino County investigators, and then subsequently
2	of course, I can't recall off the top of my head, but my
3	assumption is that he did, in fact, provide a statement at
4	some subsequent point.
5	Q. Do you know who he provided that statement to?
6	A. It's completely speculative, Mr. G, but if, in fact,
7	he did, it would have been to the Department of Justice, but
8	as I sit here right now, I vaguely recall I do recall the
9	night of the event he did not give a statement.
10	Q. Have you reviewed his statement? Not his
11	deposition, but his statement at any time to anybody as part
12	of the materials you had in this case?
13	A. No, sir. Just his deposition.
14	Q. Now, you mentioned shortly before the break, and I
15	think again just a short while ago, the big factors here for
16	the deadly force would be the turning motion, the object in
17	his hand, coupled with his prior statements; is that fair?
18	A. Prior threats, when you say prior statements, prior
19	threats?
20	Q. Yes. The prior threats.
21	A. Yes, sir.
22	Q. And I think you said something to the effect, well,
23	Mr. Holland could have just, you know, slowed down, for
24	example, as opposed to turning with the object in his hand?
25	A. He could have stopped; he could have put his hands
1	

1	Page 46 up in the air; could have yelled or uttered I surrender, many
2	things to indicate to Deputy Lopez that, you know, I want
3	to I'll submit to custody.
4	Q. So if he had slowed down and stopped and not turned,
5	that might have been scenario what deadly force may not have
6	been necessary; is that fair?
7	MS. ANDERSEN: Objection. Incomplete hypothetical;
8	You can answer.
9	THE WITNESS: Based on the limited circumstanced,
10	Mr. G, that you provided in your hypothetical, it might not
11	be necessary to use force based on those limited
12	circumstances.
13	BY MR. GALIPO:
14	Q. And what, if hypothetically, again, my hypothetical,
15	Deputy Lopez did not see any object in Mr. Holland's hand
16	when he turned? I realize that's different from his
17	deposition testimony. It's just my hypothetical.
18	Would you then have a different opinion as to
19	whether the deadly force was appropriate?
20	MS. ANDERSEN: Objection. Incomplete hypothetical;
21	You can answer.
22	THE WITNESS: Based on the unlimited circumstances
23	that you provided, Mr. G, it's difficult to answer that
24	question. What I know is this: Is that despite the
25	felonious threats that Mr. Holland had made prior to the

	Phillip L. Sanchez on 08/21/2024
1	A and I'm sorry to interrupt you. It would
2	specific to your hypothetical, it would have been based on
3	Deputy Lopez's ability to per perceive what Mr. Holland's
4	actions represented at the time he was turning without, in
5	your hypothetical, without an object in his hands.
6	BY MR. GALIPO:
7	Q. Right. But my hypothetical is, assume he saw that
8	his hands were visibly empty and perceived that.
9	A. Okay. I think you changed it a little bit.
10	The perception is important to me as an expert in
11	this case because now based on the limited circumstances of
12	your incomplete hypothetical, Deputy Lopez is perceiving that
13	there is nothing in his hands. So it could be that Mr.
14	Holland in this hypothetical was turning to do something, but
15	without an object in his hands.
16	Q. Then would you agree in that hypothetical it would
17	be inappropriate to use deadly force if Deputy Lopez
18	perceived he had nothing in his hands?
19	MS. ANDERSEN: Objection. Incomplete hypothetical.
20	You can answer.
21	THE WITNESS: Yes. It would be difficult to explain
22	why lethal force was used.
23	BY MR. GALIPO:
24	Q. And my second hypothetical would be the same thing,
25	but this time Mr. Holland turns, and Deputy Lopez recognizes

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	Page 51
1	in your report when you were citing a part of the Department
2	of Justice report about Mr. Holland running away from Deputy
3	Lopez southbound with his cell phone in his hand.
4	Do you recall that reference?
5	A. Yes.
6	Q. Now, I want to ask you a few questions about the
7	shots. I think we talked briefly about it, and if you need
8	to turn to your report as to where the shots struck Mr.
9	Holland because I think you explained to me there were six
10	shots, and your understanding is four of them struck Mr.
11	Holland; is that right?
12	A. Yes, sir. Mr. G, may I reference my report?
13	Q. Yes, you may. And if you want to let us know if you
14	get to the page that you itemized that, that would be
15	helpful.
16	A. Thank you, sir. I'm looking at Page 21, Mr. G.
17	Q. Okay. Thank you. So let me see if I can help take
18	us through this.
19	Do you have that one shot struck him in the left
20	chest; one the upper-left buttock; one the back of his left
21	thigh; and one the left top of his head?
22	A. Yes, sir.
1	

23

24

25

career in law enforcement and in reviewing many shooting

not a medical doctor or forensic pathologist, but having a

Would you agree, generally, that -- I realize you're

	Fininp L. Sanchez on 00/21/2024
1	Page 52 cases, would you agree that the left buttock would at least
2	have to be exposed to the gun to get struck in the left
3	buttock?
4	A. Yes. I think that yes, to answer your question,
5	and to add, I believe that the shots placement in this case
6	shows that all the rounds that hit Mr. Holland were generally
7	on the left side of his body which was consistent with Deputy
8	Lopez's deposition testimony about the actions of Mr.
9	Holland.
10	Q. And then the shots to the back of the left thigh,
11	you would agree the back of the left thigh would have to be
12	exposed?
13	A. Or turning to be exposed, yes, sir.
14	Q. Did you ever consider that the initial shots may
15	have struck him in the buttocks and leg, and then he
16	turned?
17	MS. ANDERSEN: I'm going to object to the extent
18	that exceeds his expert designation.
19	But you can answer.
20	THE WITNESS: I don't recall in the autopsy report,
21	Mr. G, if the doctor opined on it would be very difficult,
22	if he opined on the shot sequence, which hit Mr. Holland
23	first and which hit Mr. Holland last.
24	So your incomplete hypothetical or your question
25	about is it possible, I suspect it is possible.

	1 mmp 2. Sanchez on vo/21/2024
1	Page 53 BY MR. GALIPO:
2	Q. Okay. Let me just ask a few other questions about
3	what occurred immediately after the shooting because one of
4	the things you mentioned was the public safety statement.
5	And do you have an understanding whether that was
6	given after the shooting?
7	A. My understanding is that Sergeant Rios took a public
8	safety statement.
9	Q. Was that recorded on the belt recorder?
10	A. I don't know.
11	Q. Do you know if there was any mention in this public
12	safety statement about an object in his hand or Mr. Holland
13	turning to his left?
14	MS. ANDERSEN: Objection to the extent it calls for
15	speculation.
16	But you can answer.
17	THE WITNESS: I don't know that that would
18	necessarily be included in the public safety statement
19	obtained by Sergeant Rios. However, I do recall in his
20	deposition testimony Deputy Lopez told Deputy Hillebrand that
21	he was turning towards me; he was going to he said, "I'm
22	going to shoot you."
23	BY MR. GALIPO:
24	Q. Okay. And is it your understanding that after the

25

shooting Deputy Lopez alerted dispatch that shots had been

1	Page 54 fired?
2	A. That was my recollection.
3	Q. And did you ever hear Deputy Lopez on the radio
4	dispatch before or after the shots indicate that he believed
5	Mr. Holland had a firearm?
6	A. I don't recall that radio broadcast.
7	Q. And you understand Deputy Hillebrand arrived less
8	than 90 seconds after the shooting?
9	A. Yes. Approximately 90 seconds, yes, sir.
10	Q. And do you recall Deputy Hillebrand asking Deputy
11	Lopez, "Where is the gun, did he have a gun?"
12	A. Yes, I believe there was there were two questions
13	that Deputy Hillebrand asked. The first question was, "Are
14	you okay." And Deputy Lopez responded that he was.
15	I believe Deputy Hillebrand also testified that in
16	his deposition when he arrived, Deputy Lopez was still
17	providing cover. So maybe he was still pointing his firearm
18	towards Mr. Holland.
19	The second question then Deputy Hillebrand asked is,
20	"Where is the gun," and I believe Deputy Lopez responded, "I
21	don't know. "He threatened" or "He said he was going to
22	shoot me."
23	My assessment of that statement, Mr. G, simply is,
24	that Deputy Lopez was not was not making the affirmative
25	statement, I don't know where the gun is or I'm sorry I

	Fininp L. Sanchez on 00/21/2024
1	Page 55 don't know if he would had a gun. I think Deputy Lopez was
2	trying to communicate to Deputy Hillebrand, I don't know
3	where the gun landed after the shooting; I don't know where
4	it is.
5	Q. Do you recall Deputy Hillebrand asking Deputy Lopez,
6	"Did he have a gun?"
7	A. I recall the question was, "Where is the gun."
8	Q. And again, I'm looking at a portion of the DOJ
9	report, and at least here, it says that Hillebrand asked,
10	"Where is the gun, did he have a gun" kind of both of them.
11	A. Okay.
12	Q. And then Lopez replied, "I don't know. He said he's
13	going to shoot me."
14	Do you generally recall that?
15	A. Yes, sir. That sounds accurate.
16	Q. Based on your review of the materials and listening
17	to the audio of the belt recordings, did Deputy Lopez ever
18	tell the arriving officers, "Be careful, he has a gun on
19	him," or words to that effect?
20	A. No.
21	Q. And did you ever hear anywhere on the belt recording
22	of Deputy Lopez him telling anyone when they arrived at the
23	scene that Mr. Holland had turned towards him?
24	A. I don't recall that specific narrative offered by
25	Deputy Lopez. I believe he did testify to that in his

	Fining L. Sanchez on 08/21/2024
1	deposition. There were only two officers that initially
2	arrived after the shooting. That would have been Deputy
3	Hillebrand excuse me and Sergeant Rios.
4	Q. And is it your understanding there was a cell phone
5	recovered?
6	A. Yes, sir, recovered by Mr. Holland's body.
7	Q. Do you have a general understanding as to where the
8	cell phone was recovered in relation to Mr. Holland's body?
9	A. There were to statements, actually, with respect to
10	the location. Deputy Hillebrand thought it was near his
11	mid-torso leg area. And I think Sergeant Rios believed that
12	it was actually at his head area.
13	But the fact it's not in dispute, is that at least
14	in my opinion is that a cell phone was recovered at the
15	scene.
16	Q. Did the officers based on your review, recognize it
17	as a cell phone when they recovered it?

- 17 as a cell phone when they recovered it?
- 18 A. That's my understanding. It's how it was listed in
- 19 the body of the material provided to me.
- Q. Have you been provided photos of the cell phone as
- 21 part of the documents you reviewed?
- 22 A. I believe there were photos in the crime scene
- 23 photographs, yes.
- Q. In some of the cases you've worked on as an expert
- 25 and maybe reviewed during your law enforcement career, have

1	Page 57 you noted that sometimes there's disputed facts?
2	A. Yes.
3	Q. Okay. It's not uncommon, is it, where there is
4	disputes as to some of the facts of a case?
5	A. Yes, sir. It's not too uncommon.
6	Q. And is it your general understanding as an expert
7	witness when there is disputed facts, that the jury
8	ultimately decides those disputed facts?
9	MS. ANDERSEN: I'm just going to object to the
10	extent it calls for a legal conclusion.
11	But, of course, you can answer.
12	THE WITNESS: Yes, sir. I don't know that my
13	opinion carries any more weight than another experts'
14	opinions. Ultimately, the jury will decide which they
15	believe to be accurate.
16	BY MR. GALIPO:
17	Q. Okay. And obviously, whether the use of force was
18	excessive or not, you understand that's ultimately a jury
19	decision as well?
20	A. Yes, sir.
21	Q. I take it in many of the cases where you've been an
22	expert for one side, there is also been an expert retained on
23	the other side?
24	A. Yes, sir.
25	Q. And has it been uncommon in your experience for the

1	Page 60 CERTIFICATE
2	OF
3	CERTIFIED STENOGRAPHIC SHORTHAND REPORTER
4	
5	I, JINNA GRACE KIM, CSR No. 14151, a Certified
6	Stenographic Shorthand Reporter of the State of California,
7	do hereby certify:
8	That the foregoing proceedings were taken before me
9	at the time and place herein set forth;
10	That any witnesses in the foregoing proceedings,
11	prior to testifying, were placed under oath;
12	That a verbatim record of the proceedings was made
13	by me, using machine shorthand, which was thereafter
14	transcribed under my direction;
15	Further, that the foregoing is an accurate
16	transcription thereof.
17	I further certify that I am neither financially
18	interested in the action, nor a relative or employee of any
19	attorney of any of the parties.
20	
21	IN WITNESS WHEREOF, I have subscribed my name, this
22	date: August 21, 2024.
23	
24	Times Grand Wim GGD N. 14151
25	Jinna Grace Kim, CSR No. 14151